

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

SECOND SCHEDULE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT (S2EIA) FOR THE PROPOSED MASTERPLAN DEVELOPMENT OF MAHARANI ENERGY GATEWAY, MUAR, JOHOR DARUL TAKZIM

INTRODUCTION

The Maharani Energy Gateway is the development of an energy hub and deep-sea port. This will be industrial based development comprising a wide variety of maritime related businesses including oil and gas storage and trading, ship to ship operations, bunker trading, petrochemical industries, deep sea port operation, marine repair & maintenance, marine logistics services, ship & offshore fabrication yard and marine equipment manufacturing

PROJECT INFORMATION

PROJECT PROPONENT :



Maharani Energy Gateway Sdn. Bhd.

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Johor Darul Takzim



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STATEMENT OF NEED



Economic development specifically for
the district of Muar.



Boosting the country's economy.



Investment value over RM72 billion in 10 years.



Creation of employment opportunities.



A good investment because:

- Ample deep water & area for development;
- Strategic location within the straits of Malacca;
 - Dedicated Energy Hub & Gateway;
 - Attractive incentives & facilitation;
 - Low entry cost;
- Be partners building a sustainable socio eco-system;
 - Digital operating platform; and
 - Dedicated & Committed Team.

LEGISLATIVE REQUIREMENT

Environmental Quality (Prescribed Activity)
(Environmental Impact Assessment) Order 2015 under:

Second Schedule Activity 7 (b):

Coastal reclamation or land reclamation along river
banks within or adjacent or near or near to
environmentally sensitive areas.

Second Schedule Activity 7 (c):

Reclamation for man-made island.

Second Schedule Activity 10(a):

Construction of new port.

First Schedule Activity 9(c)(ii):

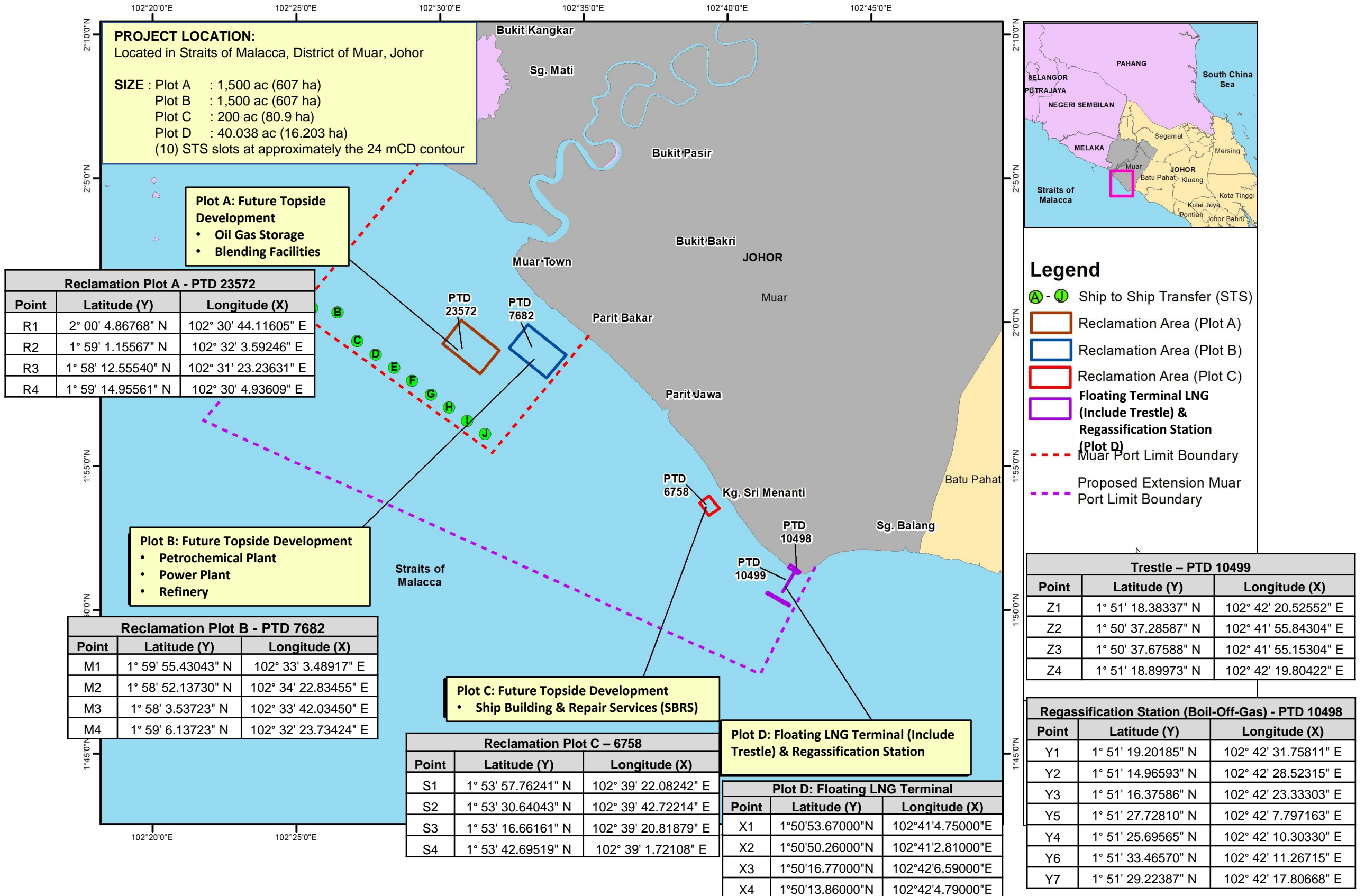
Petroleum: Construction of - gas separation, processing,
handling and storage.

First Schedule Activity 17:

Industrial Estate Development:

Development of industrial estate covering an area of 20
hectares or more.

PROJECT LOCATION AND GEOGRAPHICAL COORDINATES



PROJECT COMPONENT

Plot Identification	Description of Component	Unit	Area (Acre)	%
Plot A	Oil & Gas storage and blending facilities	1	1,500	46.16
	Deep sea port			
	- Jetties (2 nos)			
Plot B	Petrochemical plant/power plant. Refinery facility	1	1,500	46.16
Plot C	Marine repair & maintenance, marine logistics services, ship & offshore fabrication yard and marine equipment manufacturing	1	200	6.15
Plot D	Construction of Floating Terminal LNG and Regasification Station	1	49.48	1.53
Total		4	3,249.48	100

The topside development of Plot A, Plot B and Plot C is reserved for future development and the details are not included in this EIA. A separate EIA will be prepared for the topside development of Plot A, Plot B, and Plot C.

PROJECT ACTIVITY

PLOT A, PLOT B AND PLOT C FOR RECLAMATION OF THE MAN-MADE ISLAND

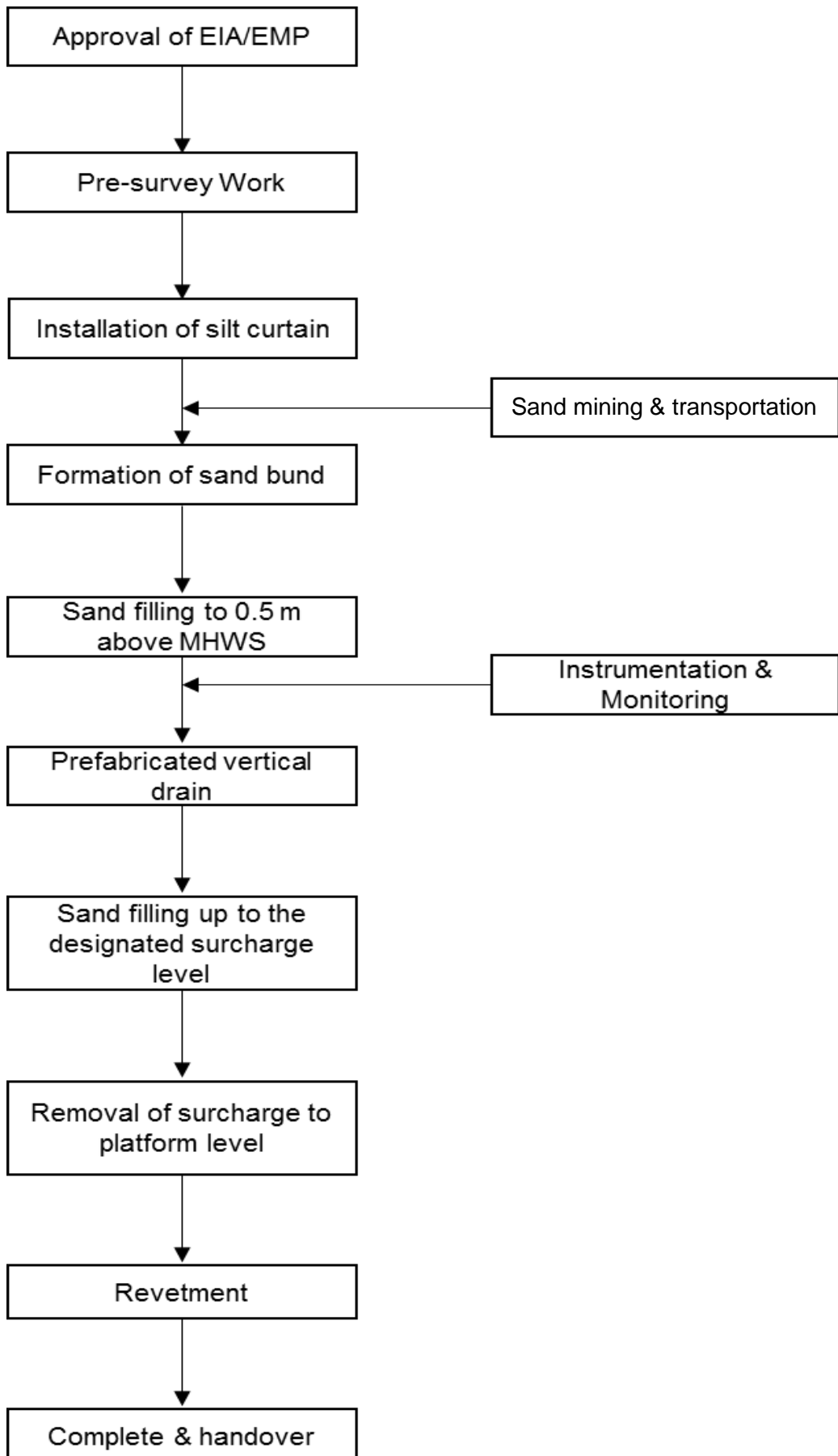
- Pre-Survey Work;
- Installation of Silt Curtain;
- Sand Mining & Transportation;
- Formation Sand Bund;
- Sand Filling Work;
- Prefabricated Vertical Drain;
- Revetment Works;
- Trimming of the Slope to the Design Profile;
- Laying of the Geofabric;
- Placing of Rock;
- Construction of Stone Revetment;
- Instrumentation;
- Geotechnical Design Considerations;
- Reclamation Platform;
- Shore Protection Structures; and
- Post Survey (As Built).

PLOT D FOR FLOATING LIQUEFIED NATURAL GAS TERMINAL & REGASSIFICATION STATION FOR BOIL-OFF-GAS

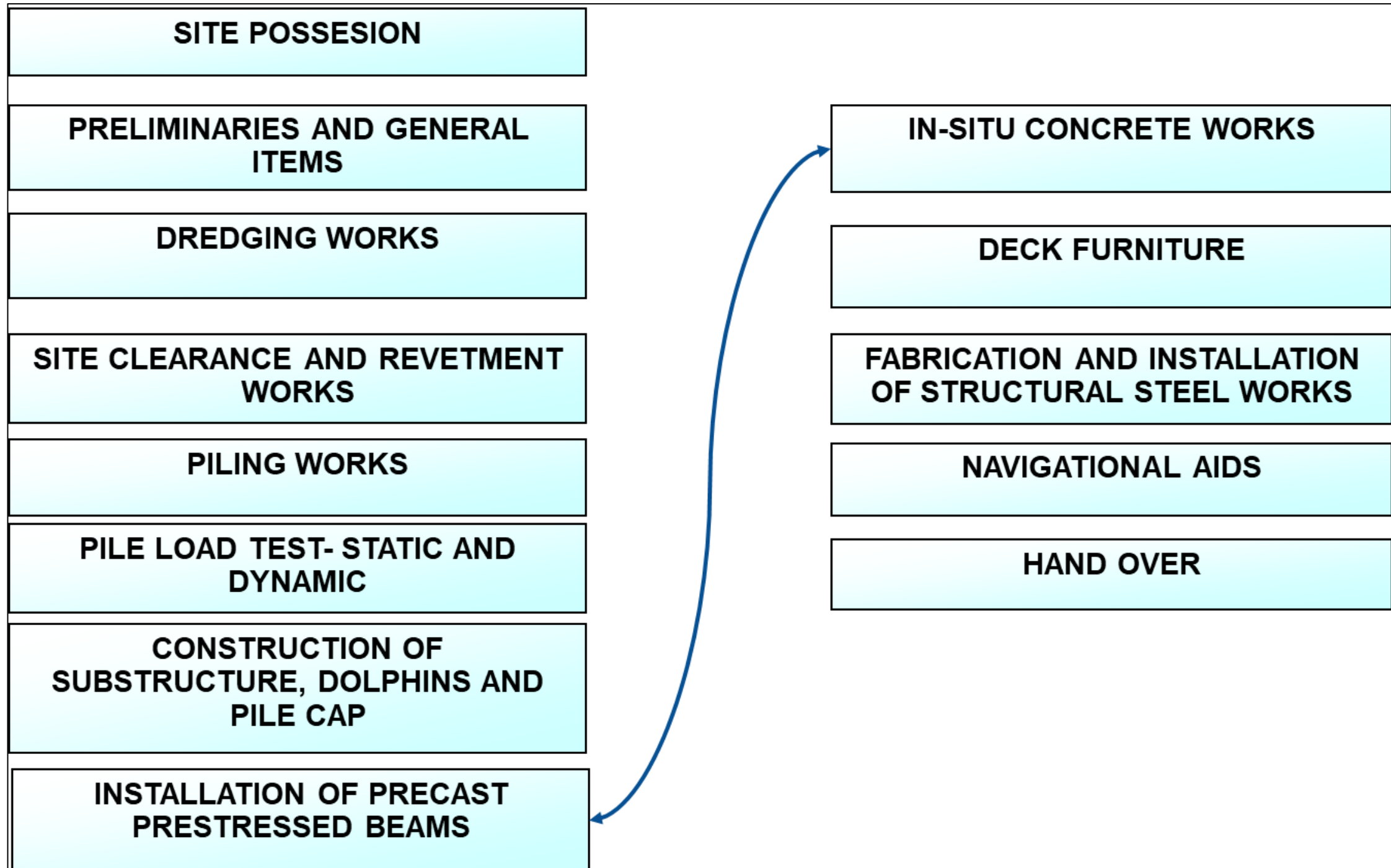
- **Part 1**
 - Mooring berths for Floating Storage Units (FSU) 2 nos and LNGCs 3 nos;
 - Subsea BOG pipeline 2 km to shore; and
 - Onshore facility.
- **Part 2**
 - Causeway with pipe rack filling skid; and
 - Subsea LNG pipeline to causeway.

10 SLOT STS (SHIP-TO-SHIP) TRANSFER OPERATION

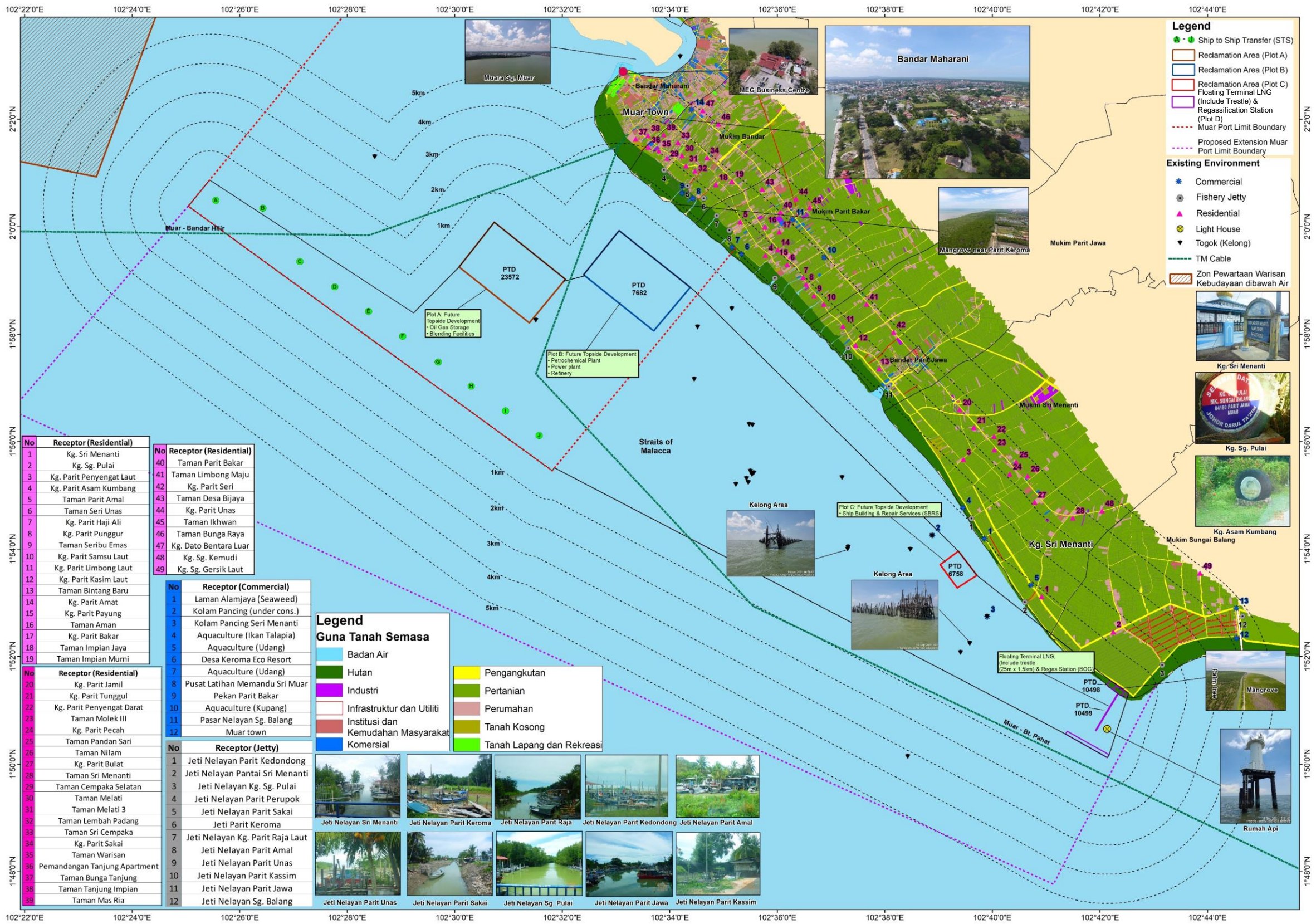
OVERALL FLOW OF THE RECLAMATION PROCESS



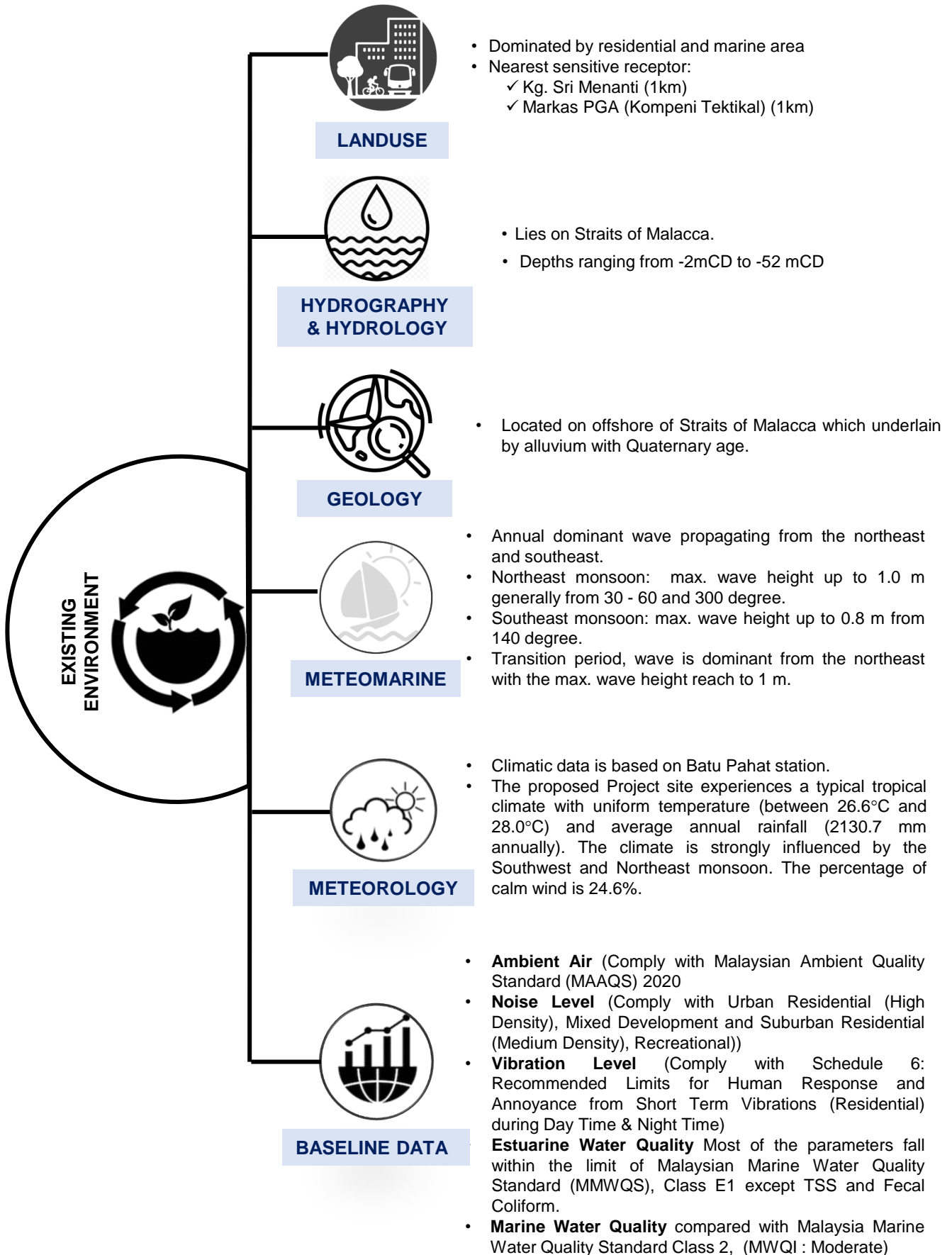
FLOW OF THE DEEP SEA PORT CONSTRUCTION PROCESS



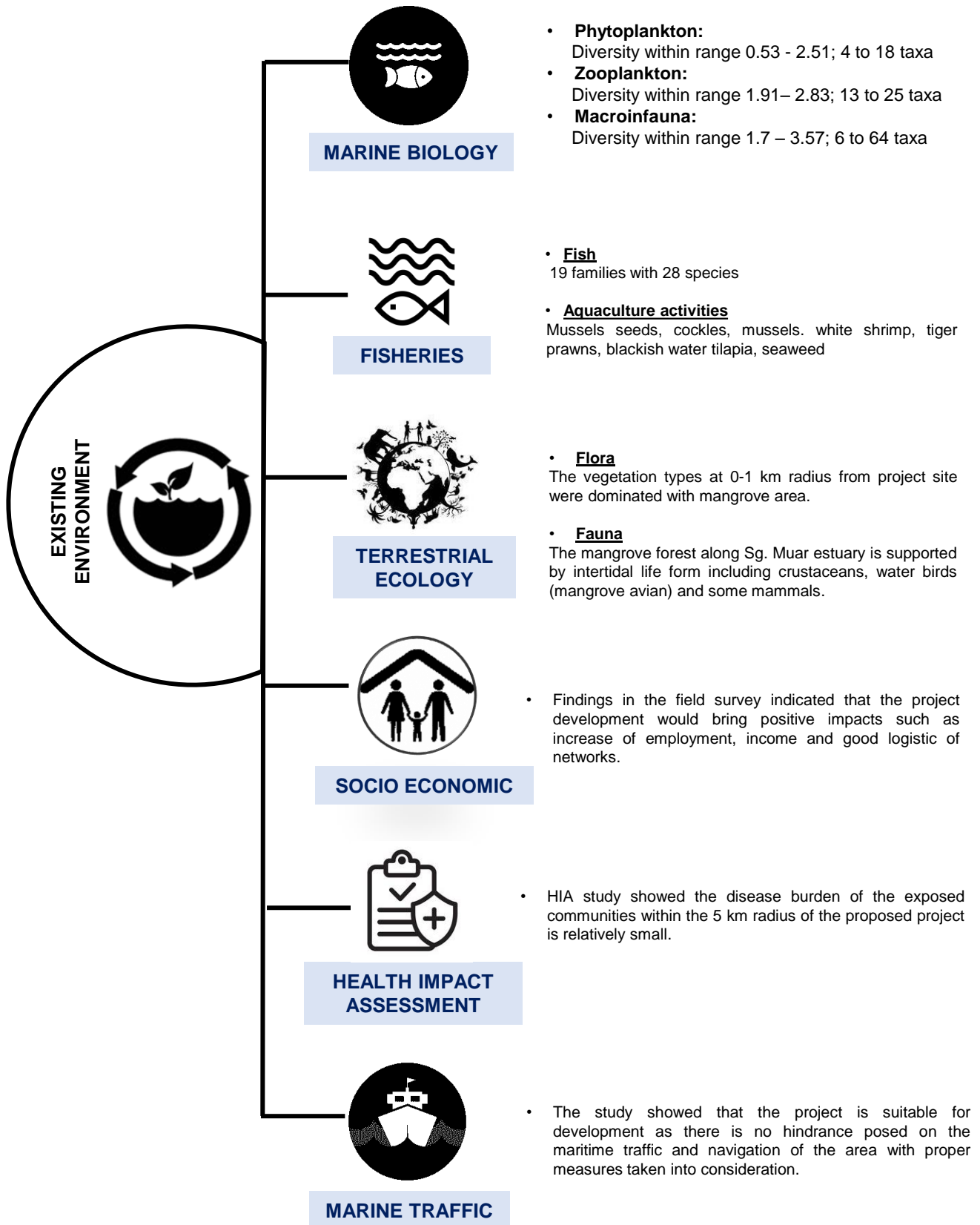
THE EXISTING LANDUSE AND SENSITIVE RECEPTOR WITHIN 5 KM RADIUS FROM PROPOSED PROJECT



EXISTING ENVIRONMENT



EXISTING ENVIRONMENT (CONT'D)



POTENTIAL IMPACTS AND PROPOSE MITIGATION MEASURES

POTENTIAL IMPACTS AND PROPOSE MITIGATION MEASURES



Ambient Air Quality

- Emission sources to the atmosphere during the reclamation activities are mainly from Suction Hopper Dredger 3 in 1 and heavy machinery.



Noise Level

- Expected from the sand carrier vessels discharging the sand at site, vehicular movement at reclamation site and heavy machineries used during compaction and bank revetment activities.



Estuarine / Marine Water Quality

- Increase the TSS and turbidity levels of the receiving waterways
- Wastewaters generated by reclamation vessels and support vessels
- Sediment transport plume during reclamation process



Benthic Organism

- Based on hidarulik study the increase of TSS due to the proposed reclamation activities will not have significant negative impacts on the phytoplankton population around the area. Consequently, the impacts on the zooplankton will also not be significant.



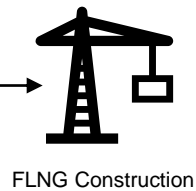
Hydraulic

- Alter the hydrodynamic regime in terms of water level, currents speeds and direction
- Flooding



Socio Economic

- Mixed perceptions from the locals toward the proposed Project
- Provide employment and commercial opportunity to the local community



Ambient Air Quality

- Dust generation from vehicle movement at unpaved access road
- Stockpiles of construction materials such as sand and cement could become a source of airborne particulate



Estuarine / Marine Water Quality

- Sediment runoff from the topsoil filling may increase TSS and turbidity



Noise Level

- Sources of noise pollution are expected from heavy vehicles and machinery operating within the site



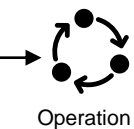
Scheduled and Solid Waste

- Generated from maintenance work of equipment machinery
- Solid waste will be generated by the workers on site



Social & Health

- Enhancement of employment opportunities.
- Improper housekeeping and waste management provides breeding ground for mosquitoes, flies and rats that will result in health hazards to the workers



- The impacts during operation will mainly be in relation to wastewater discharge and solid waste management due to Increase in waste generation. Traffic would be higher due to transportation of construction machinery and materials



- It is envisaged that the project will not be abandoned. However, in the event due to some unforeseen reasons the project must be abandoned, then all mitigation measures will be taken to ensure the site is left in a safe and environmentally sound manner.

Ambient Air Quality

- All vessels and machineries used must be well maintained to ensure complete combustion of fuel to reduce or eliminate black smoke emission.

Noise Level

- Machineries and equipment used during the reclamation activities must be well maintained

Estuarine / Marine Water Quality

- Sewage will be appropriately treated prior to discharge to the sea based on Regulation IV of MARPOL
- Deploy of silt curtain around reclamation area to reduce sediment transport to neighbouring areas

Marine Biology

- Dispersion of sand can be mitigated with proper installation of silt curtains
- Anchoring position should avoid areas of soft seabed where anchors are likely to drag.

Hydraulic

- Shoreline and Coastal Monitoring.
- To conduct the monitoring of suspended sediment plume concentration every month.

Socio Economic

- Engagement with Surrounding Communities
- Priorities employment to the local community

Ambient Air Quality

- Site-spraying with water shall be carried out to minimize fugitive dust emission along access routes

Estuarine / Marine Water Quality

- Silt traps and silt curtains be implemented as measures against siltation of the waterways sediment transport

Noise Level

- Construction activities involving heavy machinery and heavy vehicle movement should be confined to the daytime.

Scheduled and Solid Waste

- Storage and handling of scheduled waste is to be carried out according to the Environmental Quality (Scheduled Wastes) Regulations, 2005

Social & Health

- Job preference should be given to the local population and not to foreigners
- All foreign workers are to be screened for health and security purposes

- To minimise the impacts within the Strait, the water quality of the discharge effluent may have to be better than Standard A;

- Prepare and submit the abandonment plan to DOE

PROPOSED MONITORING PROGRAMME

PERFORMANCE MONITORING :

Reclamation Phase

- Marine Water Quality – Sand Bund / Silt Curtain (Daily)

Top Side Construction Phase (Plot D)

- Marine Water Quality – Silt Curtain (Daily)
- Sediment Basin (Weekly or After Rain Event)

COMPLIANCE MONITORING :

Reclamation Stage & Top Side Construction Phase (Plot D)

- Marine Water Quality (Monthly) – 12 stations
- Estuarine Water Quality (Monthly) – 12 stations
 - Seabed Sediment (Monthly) – 12 stations
 - Marine Biology (Quarterly) – 10 stations
 - Sediment Basin (Monthly) – TSS & turbidity

Operational Phase

- Air Quality (Monthly) – 4 stations
- Noise Level (Monthly) – 4 stations
- Marine Water Quality (Monthly) – 12 stations
- Estuarine Water Quality (Monthly) – 12 stations
 - Seabed Sediment (Monthly) – 12 stations
 - Marine Biology (Monthly) – 12 stations

IMPACT MONITORING :

Project Implementation & Top Side Construction Phase

- Shoreline Monitoring
- TSS Monitoring – 7 stations
- Sea Mammal – within project site

Proposed Sampling Stations For Compliance Monitoring:

